

# Calculus Web Assignments

Web Assignments are intended to be completed with a partner. Both partners should individually work each of the problems, followed by a collaborative discussion about the problem.

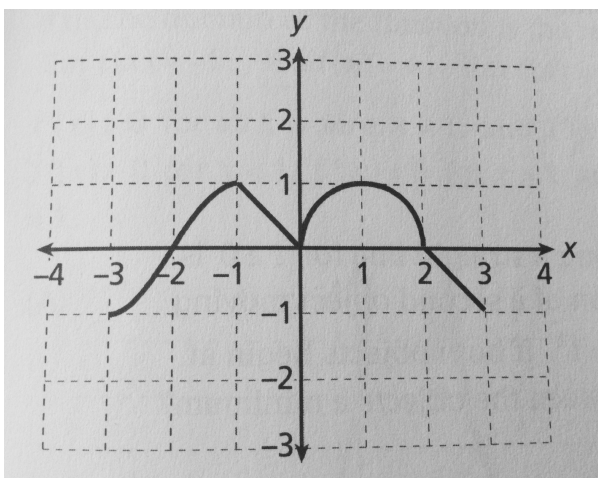
Both partners are required to participate in the “Honor-System” Grading of the Web Assignment.

## Calculus: Web Assignment #9

### Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. The graph of  $f'(x)$  is given below for  $x \in [-3, 3]$ . On which interval(s) is the function  $f(x)$  both increasing and concave up?



- a.  $(-2, 2)$
- b.  $(-2, 0) \cup (0, 2)$
- c.  $(-3, -2)$
- d.  $(-2, -1) \cup (0, 1)$
- e. None of These

- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. For the function  $f(x) = 12x^5 - 5x^4$ , how many of the inflection points of the function are also extrema?
- a. 4
  - b. 3
  - c. 2
  - d. 1
  - e. None
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. The position of an object moving along a straight line for  $t \geq 0$  is given by  $s_1(t) = t^3 + 2$ , and the position of a second object moving along the same line is given by  $s_2(t) = t^2$ . If both objects begin at  $t = 0$ , at what time is the distance between the objects a minimum?
- a. 2
  - b.  $\frac{50}{27}$
  - c.  $\frac{2}{3}$
  - d. 0
  - e. None of These
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. What value of  $c$  in the open interval  $(0, 4)$  satisfies the Mean Value Theorem for  $f(x) = \sqrt{3x + 4}$  ?
- a. 0
  - b.  $\frac{2}{3}$
  - c.  $\frac{5}{3}$
  - d. 2
  - e. 3

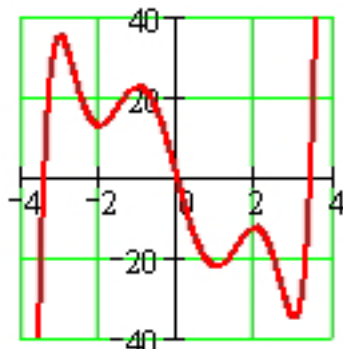
\_\_\_\_\_ 5. If  $f'(x) = \frac{(x+1)x^2}{(x-1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$  then on which interval(s) is the continuous function  $f(x)$  increasing?

- a.  $(-1, 1)$
- b.  $(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, \infty)$
- c.  $(-\infty, 0) \cup (1, \infty)$
- d.  $(-\infty, -1) \cup (0, \infty)$
- e.  $(1, \infty)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 6. Evaluate:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 14}}{3 - 2x}$

- a.  $-\infty$
- b.  $-\frac{1}{2}$
- c.  $\frac{1}{2}$
- d.  $\frac{\sqrt{14}}{3}$
- e.  $\infty$

- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Base on the graph of  $g''(x)$  pictured below, how many points of inflection exist for the twice differentiable function  $g(x)$  on the interval  $-4 < x < 4$ ?



- a. 6  
b. 5  
c. 4  
d. 3  
e. 2
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Estimate the value of the following limit by graphing the function  $f(x) = \frac{(2 \sin x)}{(\sin \pi x)}$ . State your answer correct to two decimal places.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin x}{\sin \pi x}$$

- a. 3.14  
b. 2.01  
c. 1.0  
d. 0  
e. 0.64
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. How would you define  $f(3)$  in order to make  $f$  continuous at 3?

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x - 3}$$

- a.  $f(3) = 5$   
b.  $f(3) = 0$   
c.  $f(3) = 1$   
d.  $f(3) = -5$   
e. none of these

\_\_\_\_\_ 10. Choose an equation from the following that expresses the fact that a function  $f$  is continuous at the number 6.

a.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 6$

b.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} f(x) = f(6)$

c.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = f(6)$

d.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} f(x) = -\infty$

e.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} f(x) = \infty$