Calculus Web Assignments

Web Assignments are intended to be completed with a partner. Both partners should individually work each of the problems, followed by a collaborative discussion about the problem.

Both partners are required to participate in the "Honor-System" Grading of the Web Assignment.

Calculus: Web Assignment #6

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1. A differentiable function f has values shown. Estimate f'(1.5).

<i>x</i>	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6
f(x)	8	1=0	14	22

- a. 8
- b. 12c. 18
- d. 40
- e. 80
- 2. Given the graph of f, f'(x) does not exist for x =



- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. 1 and 2
- d. 2 and 6
- e. 1, 2, and 6

3. If
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{(x-1)^2}$$
 then the set of x's for which $f'(x)$ exists is

- a. all reals b. all reals except x = 1 and x = -1c. all reals except x = -1d. all reals except $x = \frac{1}{3}$ and x = -1e. all reals except x = 1
- 4. Use this graph of y = f(x) to answer the following question:



f'(3) is most closely approximated by

- a. 0.3
- b. 0.8
- c. 1.5
- d. 1.8
- e. 2

5. At
$$x = 4$$
 the function give by $h(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & x \le 4 \\ 4x & x > 4 \end{cases}$ is

- a. Undefined
- b. Continuous but not differentiable
- c. Differentiable but not continuous
- d. Neither continuous nor differentiable
- e. Both continuous and differentiable

6. Which of the following is/are true about the function g if $g(x) = \frac{(x-2)^2}{x^2 + x - 6}$?

- I. g is continuous at x = 2
- II. The graph of g has a vertical asymptote at x = -3
- III. The graph of g has a horizontal asymptote at y = 0
- a. I only
- b. II only
- c. III only
- d. I and II only
- e. II and III only

_ 7. An equation of the line tangent to the graph of $f(x) = x(1-2x)^3$ at the point (1, -1) is

- a. y = -7x + 6
- b. y = -6x + 5
- c. y = -2x
- d. y = 2x 3
- e. y = 7x 8

$$= 8. \text{ If } f(x) = \sin x, \text{ then } f'\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) =$$

$$a. \quad -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$b. \quad \frac{1}{2}$$

$$c. \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$d. \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

- e. $\sqrt{3}^2$
- 9. A particle moves along the x-axis so that at any time $t \ge 0$ its position is given by $x(t) = t^3 3t^2 9t + 1$. For what values of t is the particles at rest?
 - No values a.
 - 1 only b.
 - c.
 - 3 only 5 only d.
 - 1 and 3 e.

$$---- 10. \text{ If } y = 2\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right), \text{ then } \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \\ a. \quad -8\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \\ b. \quad -2\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \\ c. \quad -\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \\ d. \quad -\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \\ e. \quad -\frac{1}{2}\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \end{bmatrix}$$