## Calculus Web Assignments

Web Assignments are intended to be completed with a partner. Both partners should individually work each of the problems, followed by a collaborative discussion about the problem.

Both partners are required to participate in the "Honor-System" Grading of the Web Assignment.

## Calculus: Web Assignment \#6

## Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.
$\qquad$ 1. A differentiable function f has values shown. Estimate $f^{\prime}(1.5)$.

| $x$ | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 8 | 1.0 | 14 | 22 |

a. 8
b. $\quad 12$
c. $\quad 18$
d. 40
e. 80
$\qquad$ 2. Given the graph of $\mathrm{f}, f^{\prime}(x)$ does not exist for $x=$

a. 1 only
b. 2 only
c. 1 and 2
d. 2 and 6
e. 1,2 , and 6
3. If $f(x)=\frac{x}{(x-1)^{2}}$ then the set of $x$ 's for which $f^{\prime}(x)$ exists is
a. all reals
b. all reals except $x=1$ and $x=-1$
c. all reals except $x=-1$
d. all reals except $x=\frac{1}{3}$ and $x=-1$
e. all reals except $x=1$
4. Use this graph of $y=f(x)$ to answer the following question:

$f^{\prime}(3)$ is most closely approcimated by
a. 0.3
b. 0.8
c. 1.5
d. 1.8
e. 2
5. At $x=4$ the function give by $h(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}x^{2} & x \leq 4 \\ 4 x & x>4\end{array}\right.$ is
a. Undefined
b. Continuous but not differentiable
c. Differentiable but not continuous
d. Neither continuous nor differentiable
e. Both continuous and differentiable
6. Which of the following is/are true about the function $g$ if $g(x)=\frac{(x-2)^{2}}{x^{2}+x-6}$ ?
I. $g$ is continuous at $x=2$
II. The graph of $g$ has a vertical asymptote at $x=-3$
III. The graph of g has a horizontal asymptote at $y=0$
a. I only
b. II only
c. III only
d. I and II only
e. II and III only
7. An equation of the line tangent to the graph of $f(x)=x(1-2 x)^{3}$ at the point $(1,-1)$ is
a. $y=-7 x+6$
b. $y=-6 x+5$
c. $y=-2 x$
d. $y=2 x-3$
e. $y=7 x-8$
8. If $f(x)=\sin x$, then $f^{\prime}\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)=$
a. $-\frac{1}{2}$
b. $\frac{1}{2}$
c. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
d. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
e. $\sqrt{3}$
9. A particle moves along the x -axis so that at any time $t \geq 0$ its position is given by $x(t)=t^{3}-3 t^{2}-9 t+1$. For what values of $t$ is the particles at rest?
a. No values
b. 1 only
c. 3 only
d. 5 only
e. 1 and 3
10. If $y=2 \cos \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$, then $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}=$
a. $-8 \cos \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$
b. $-2 \cos \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$
c. $-\sin \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$
d. $-\cos \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$
e. $-\frac{1}{2} \cos \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$

